

HW 88

Using Long Division to Factor - Answers

1. $f(x) = (x+5)(x+1)(x+3)$

2. $g(x) = (x+4)(5x-2)(x-4)$

3. $h(x) = (x+2)(2x+3)(x-3)$

4. $(x+3)(x+4)(x+5)$

5. $k(x) = (2x+7)(x+2)(x-3)$

6. $m(x) = (3x-2)(2x+1)(x+3)(x-3)$

7. $(x+7) - \frac{16}{x+2}$

8. $(4x+1) - \frac{6}{2x+1}$

9. $(x^2+10x+20) + \frac{82}{x-4}$

10. x^2+x-3

11. $(2x^2+3x-9) + \frac{15}{x+3}$

12. No, Rem = 7

13. Yes

14. No, Rem = 240

15. Yes

$$\begin{array}{r}
 5x^2 - 22x + 8 \\
 x+4 \overline{) 5x^3 - 2x^2 - 80x + 32} \\
 \underline{- 5x^3 + 20x^2} \\
 -22x^2 - 80x \\
 \underline{- -22x^2 - 88x} \\
 8x + 32 \\
 \underline{- 8x + 32} \\
 \hline
 \emptyset
 \end{array}$$

$$5x^2 - 22x + 8 = (5x - 2)(x - 4)$$

$$\text{so } \dots \quad 5x^3 - 2x^2 - 80x + 32 = (5x - 2)(x - 4)(x + 4)$$