

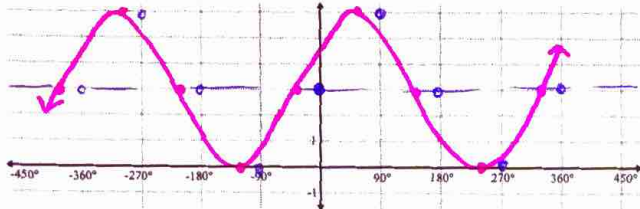
Algebra 2
Transformations with Sine and Cosine

Name: _____
Period: _____

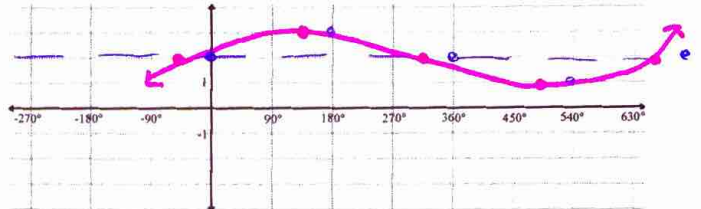
List all transformations, then sketch a complete graph.

○ = Challenge problem!

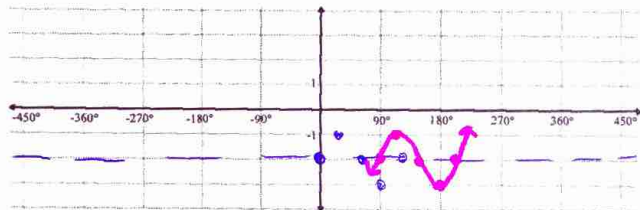
1. $f(x) = 3 \sin(x + 30^\circ) + 3$
a = 3
U 3 L 30



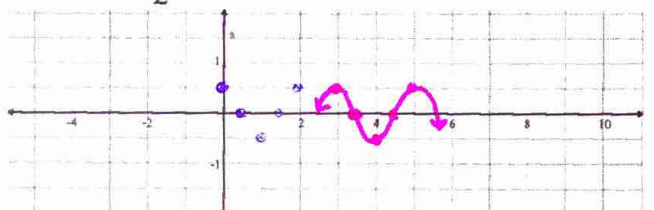
2. $f(x) = \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(x + 45^\circ)\right) + 2$
L 45 U 2
b = 1/2 → 4π
4π/4 = π (180°)



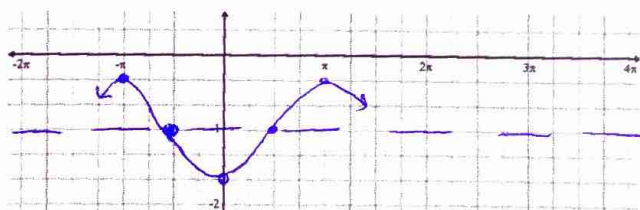
3. $f(x) = \sin(3(x - 90^\circ)) - 2$
R 90 D 2
b = 3
360/3 = 120
120/4 = 30°



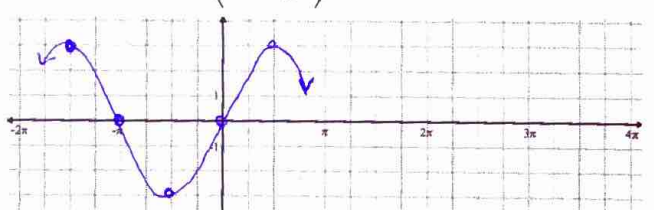
4. $f(x) = \frac{1}{2} \cos(\pi(x - 3))$
R 3
a = 1/2
b = π → 2
2/4 = 1/2



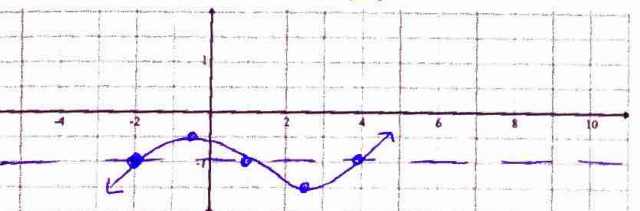
5. $f(x) = \frac{2}{3} \cos(x + \pi) - 1$
L π
a = 2/3
D 1



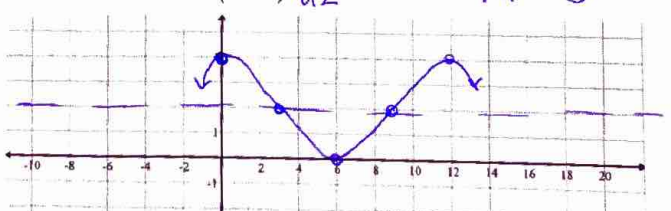
6. $f(x) = 3 \cos\left(x + \frac{3\pi}{2}\right)$
L 3π/2
a = 3



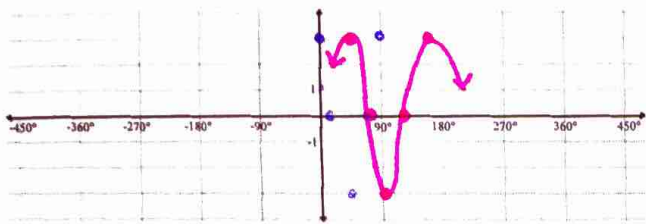
7. $f(x) = \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3}(x + 2)\right) - 1$
L 2
b = π/3 → 6
6/4 = 1.5
D 1



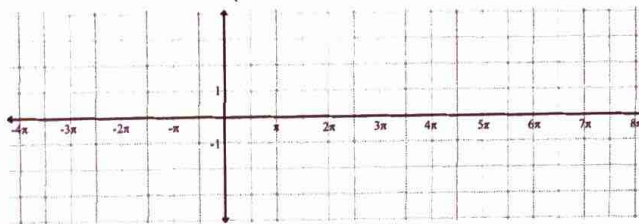
8. $f(x) = 2 \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}x\right) + 2$
a = 2
b = π/6 → 12
12/4 = 3
U 2



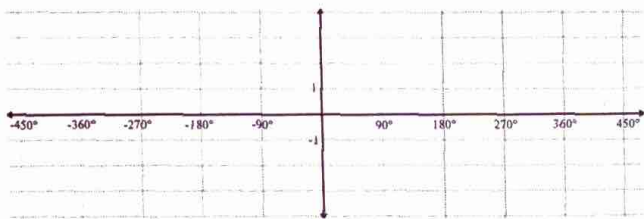
9. $f(x) = 3 \cos(4(x - 45^\circ))$ $a=3$ $b=4 \rightarrow 90^\circ$
 $90/4 = 22.5^\circ$



10. $f(x) = 2 \sin\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)\right) + 1$



11. $f(x) = 2 \cos(3(x + 30^\circ)) - 1$

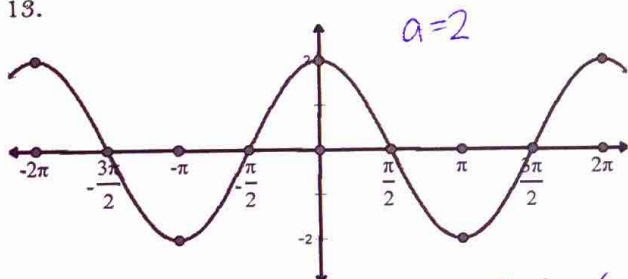


12. $f(x) = \frac{1}{2} \cos\left(2\left(x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) - 1$



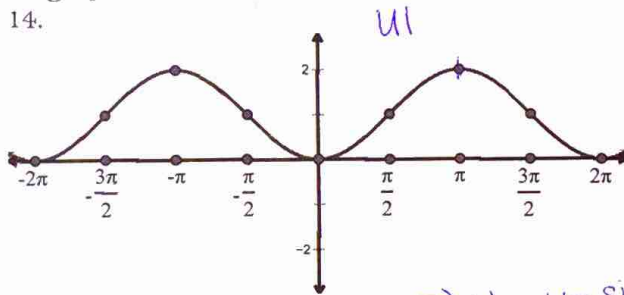
Find the sine equation and the cosine equation of the function graphed.

13.



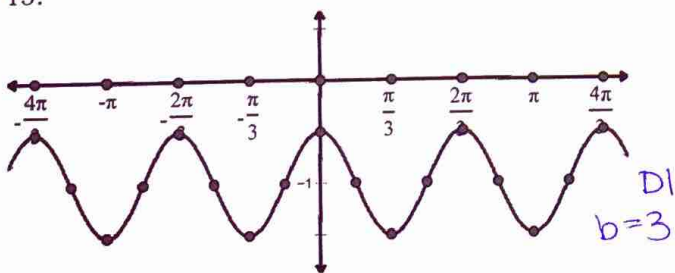
$y = 2 \cos x, y = 2 \sin(x + \pi/2)$

14.



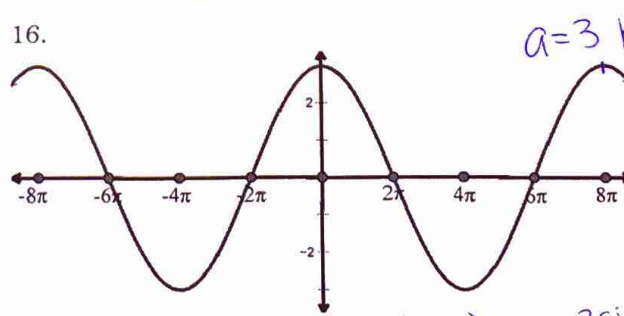
$y = \cos(x - \pi) + 1, y = \sin(x - \pi/2) + 1$

15.



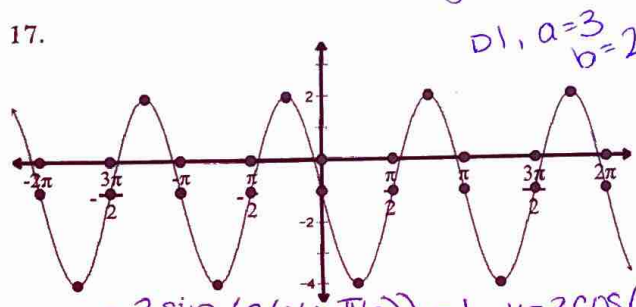
$y = \cos(3(x)) - 1, y = \sin(3(x + \pi/6)) - 1$

16.



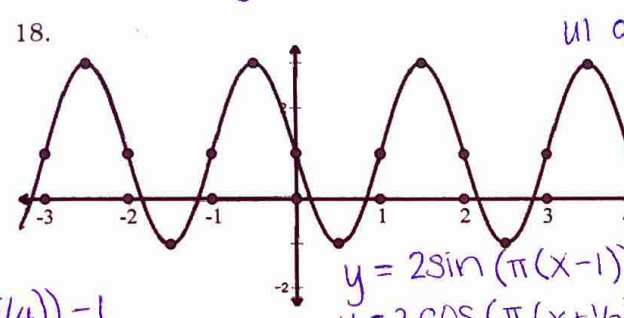
$y = 3 \cos(1/4 x), y = 3 \sin(1/4(x + \pi))$

17.



$y = 3 \sin(2(x + \pi/2)) - 1, y = 3 \cos(2(x + \pi/4)) - 1$

18.



$y = 2 \sin(\pi(x - 1)) + 1, y = 2 \cos(\pi(x + 1/2)) + 1$